

# Advanced Order Flow Trading Module 1 Principals of Order Flow

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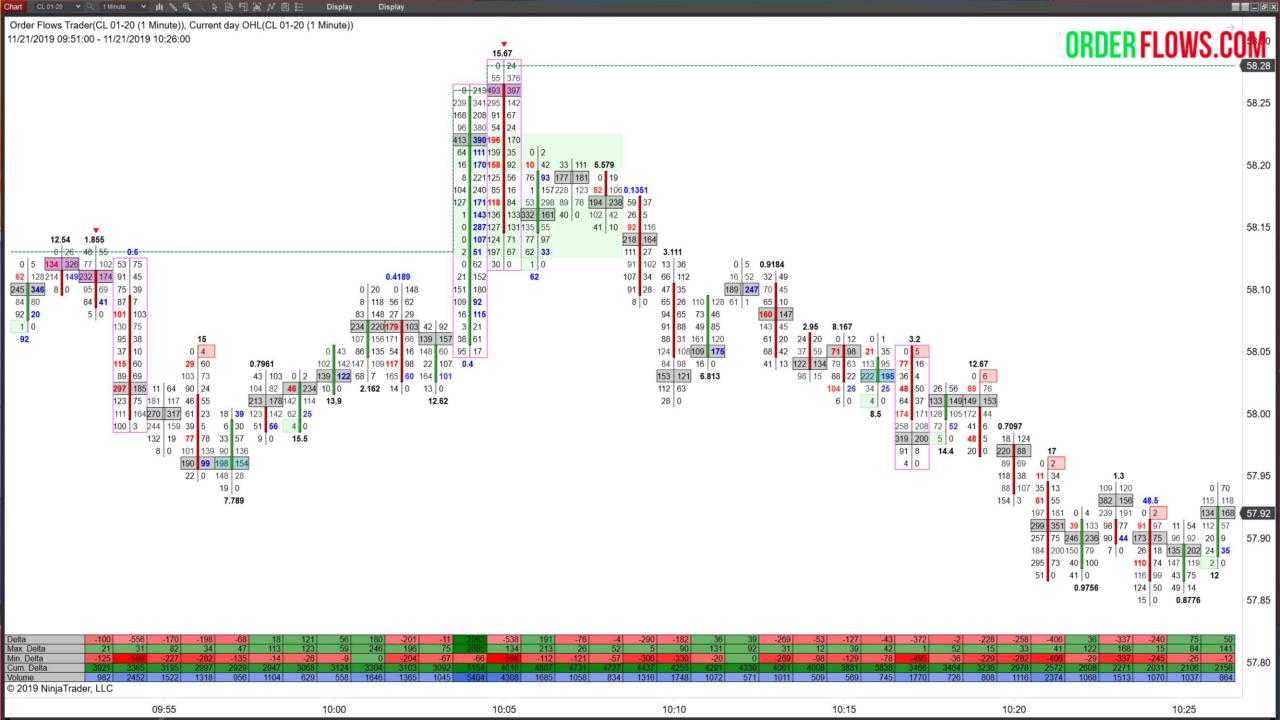


The only thing easier than making money in the market is losing it.

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You cannot just focus on price going up or down. You must take into account other factors such as volume, delta, imbalances, POC. Basically the order flow. Much in the same way as driving. You must drive with the flow of traffic. You have to trade with the flow of trading.

When you learn how to drive one of the most important parts of your education is defensive driving. You must be aware of what else is happening besides just focused on the car ahead of you.





Thinking ahead. Often, traders become overly focused on the past prices action. You must start thinking in terms of what can happen next.

For example, what can happen if prices don't break the highs? How are you going to set yourself to react?

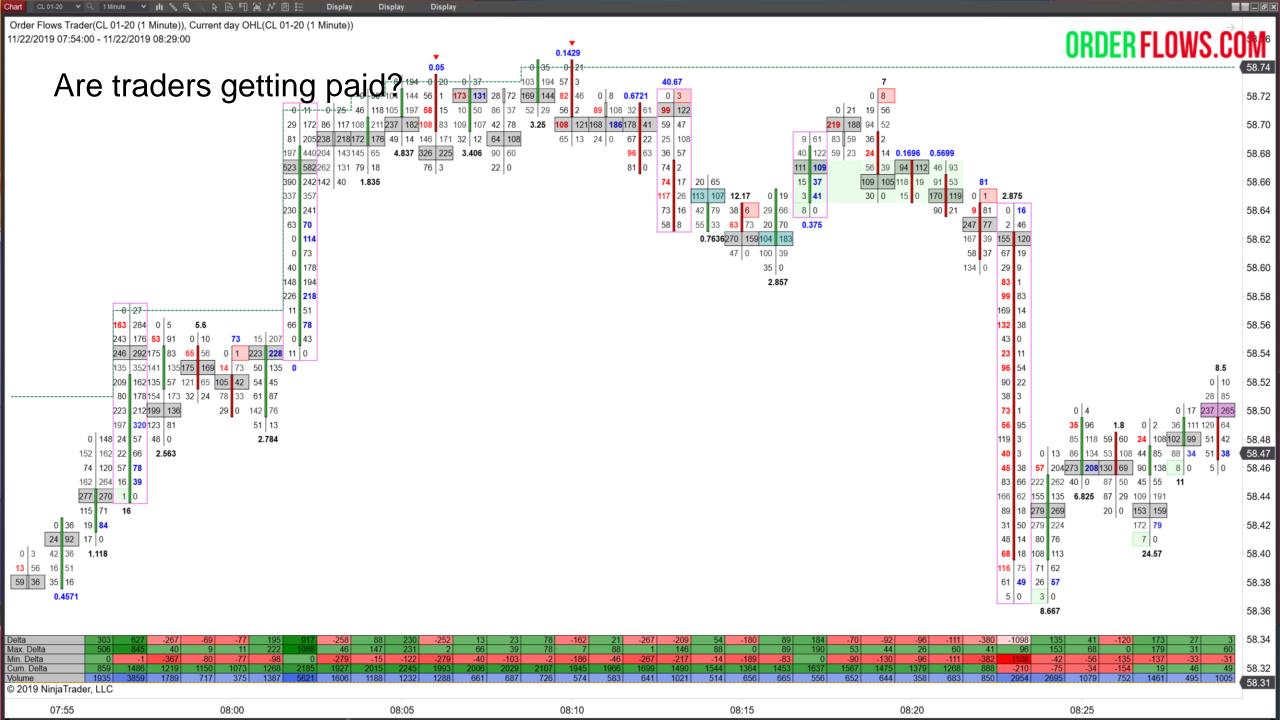
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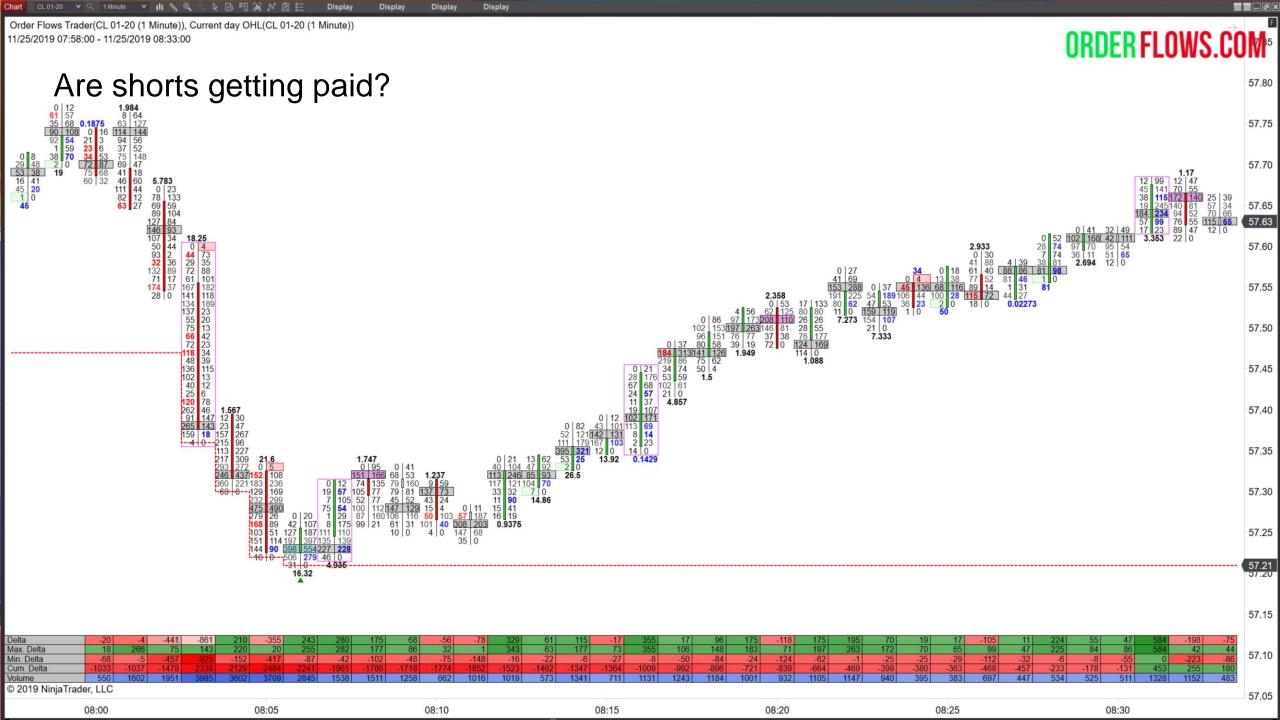
How is a high or low made. The longer the market stays at the lows without taking them out, without downside follow through, the higher the chance that the market is going to rally off those lows because the shorts are getting nervous as they aren't getting paid on their shorts. The same is true at the highs of day.

Watch what happens in the order flow. Delta, imbalances, volumes.

What is the pace of the market doing?

More importantly...





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Breakouts – when the market breaks a level, there needs to be acceptance. If there is no acceptance, then price will most likely revert back into the range.

What is acceptance? Follow through.

It can be seen in volume – is there decent volume going through.

It can be seen in imbalances – is there aggressive trading going on.

It can be seen in POCs – are POCs migrating.

It can be seen in delta – is delta strong or weak?





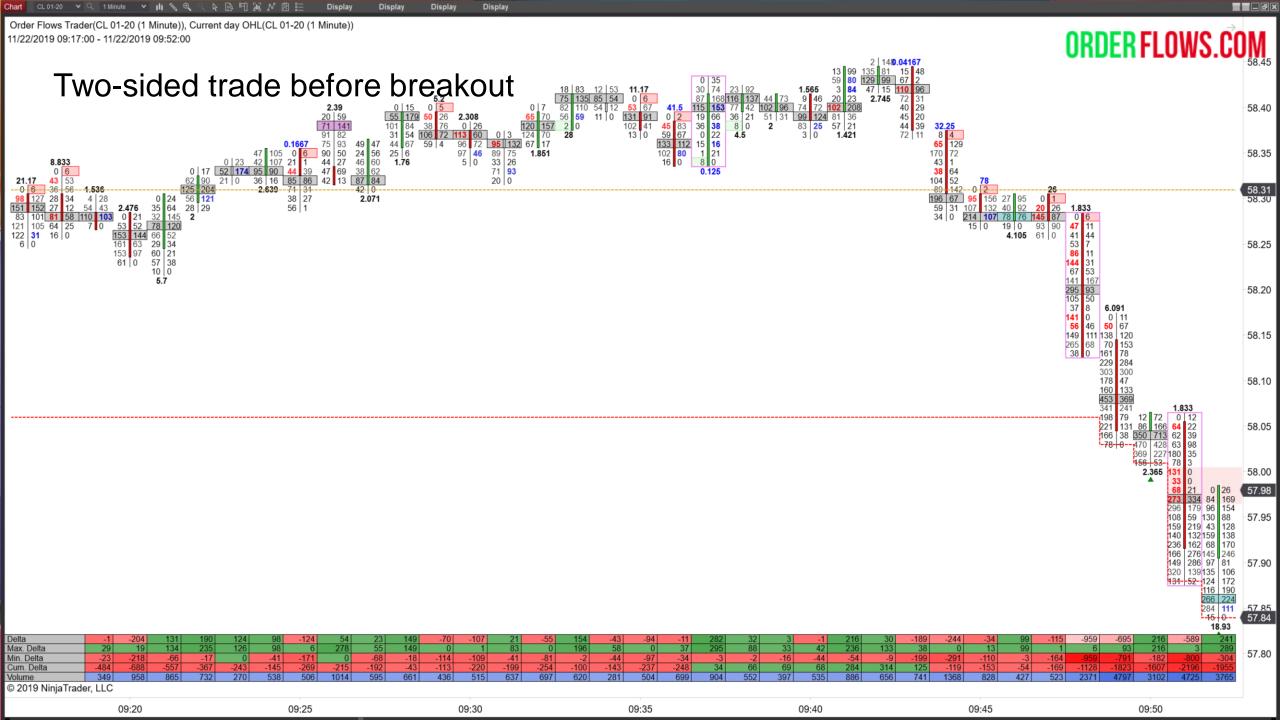
Profiting from places where other traders are wrong.

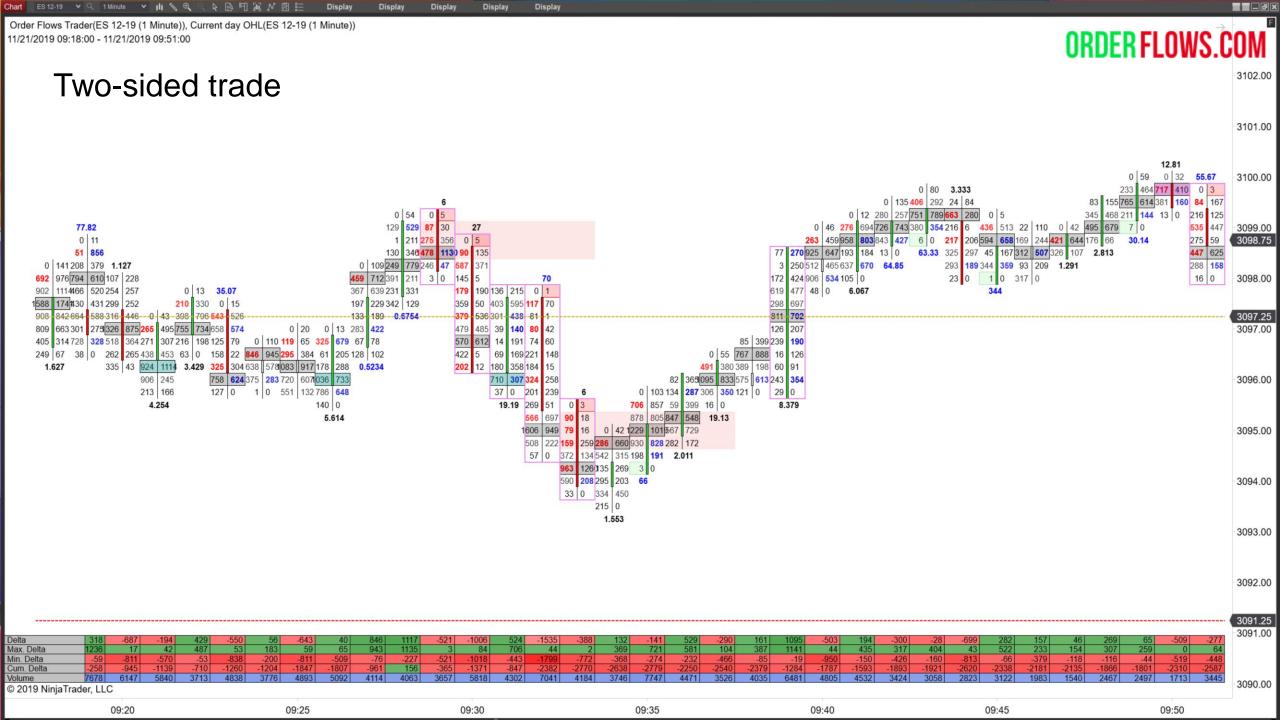
Failed breakouts. Watch the trend lines. When the market pierces through a trend line, all the price action traders rush in to get long, but often they get trapped. What is happening in the order flow that you can profit from?





When there is strong two-sided trades break outs usually fail. Look for breakouts on one sided trading.





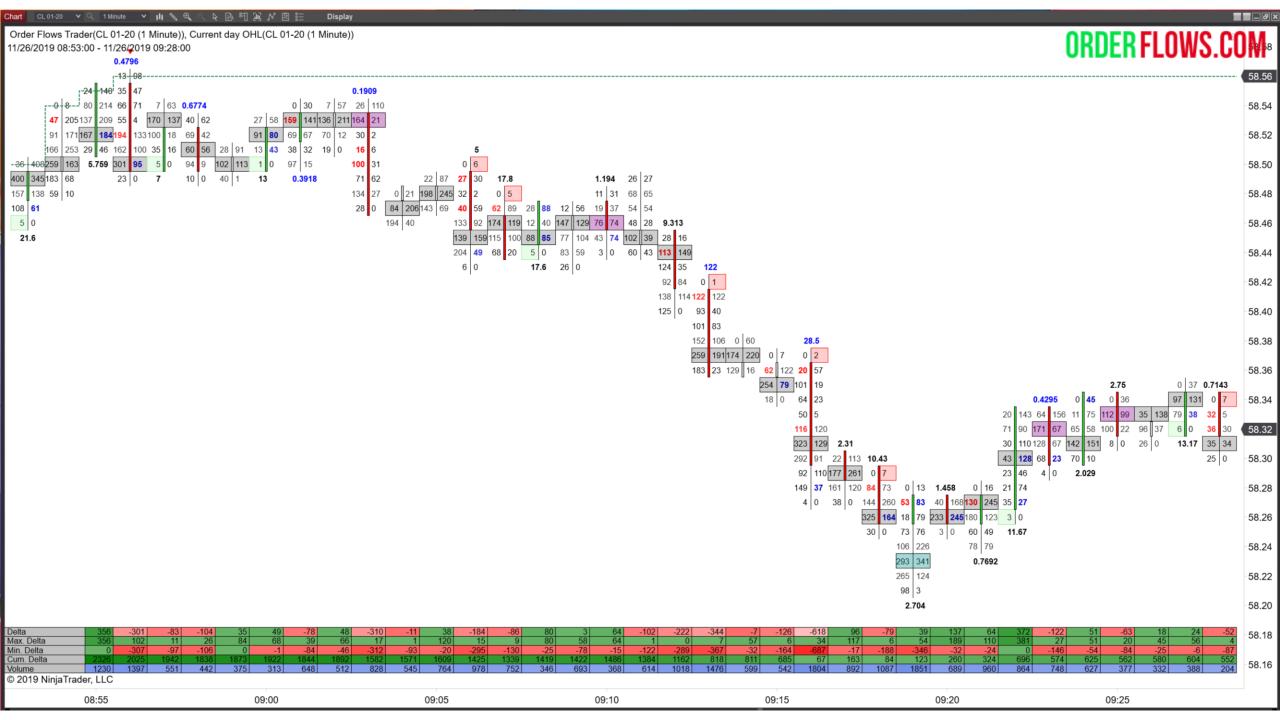


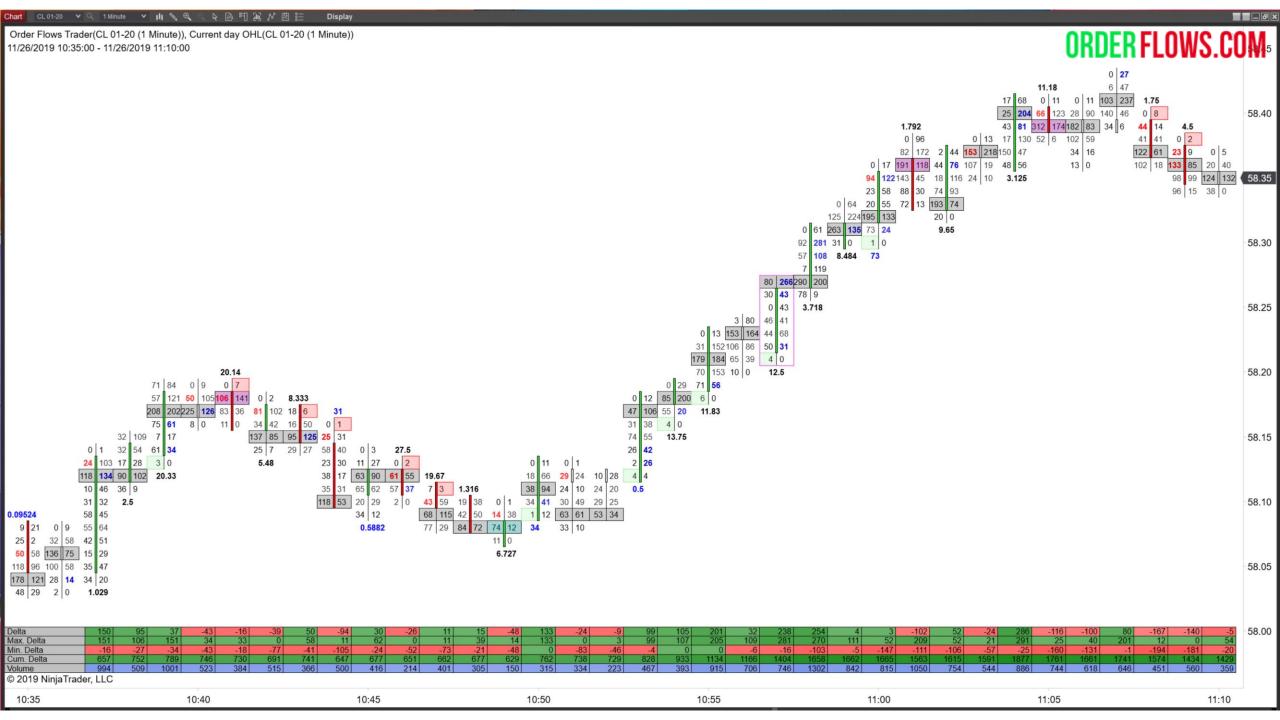
- 1. Expanding delta with price moving higher or lower.
- 2. Expanding delta with price moving sideways.
- 3. Contracting delta with price moving higher or lower.
- 4. Contracting delta with price moving sideways.
- 5. Consistent delta with price moving higher or lower.
- 6. Consistent delta with price moving sideways.



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When the market is in an uptrend or a downtrend and aggressive traders are growing in size, the chances that the market will continue in that direction are quite high.

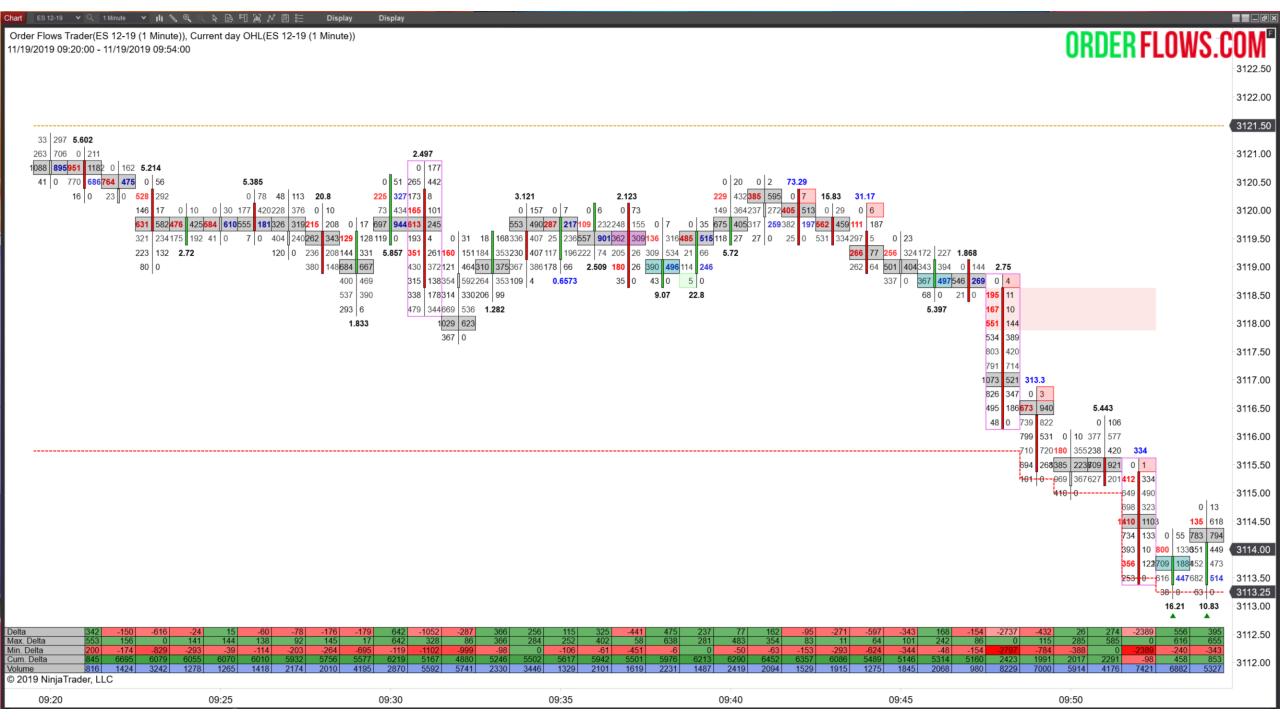






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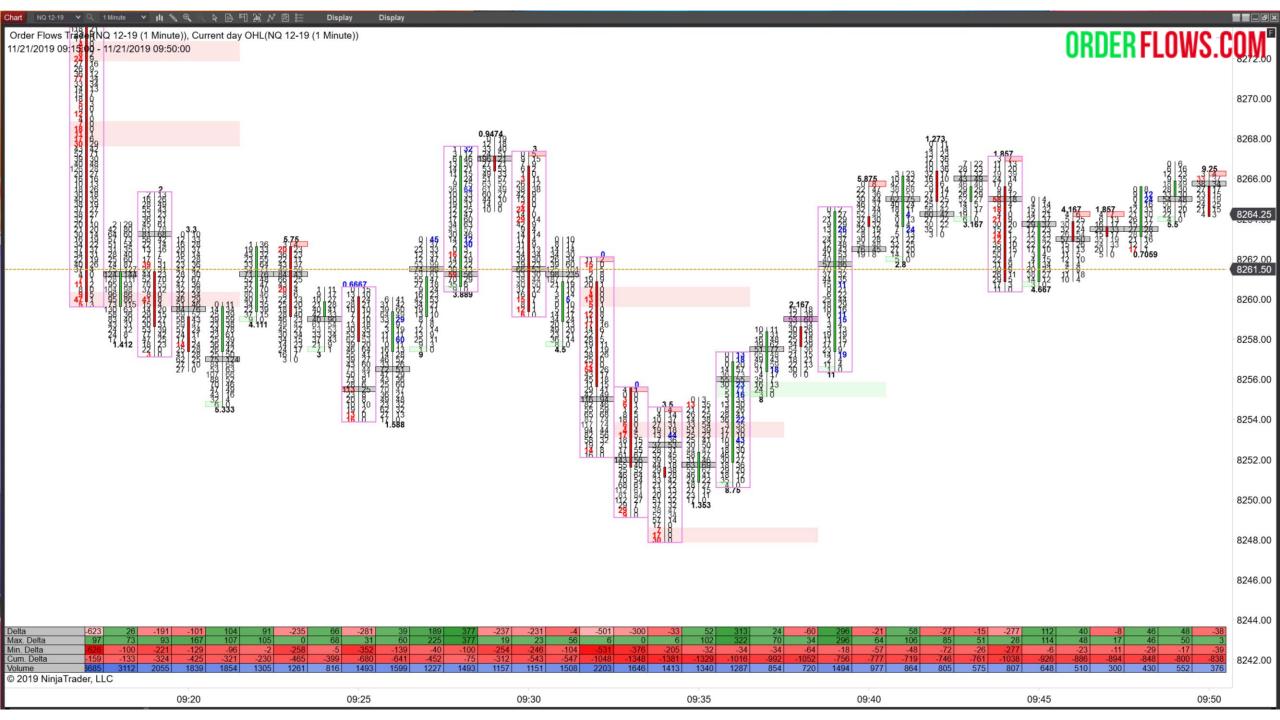
When there is a lack of market direction, but the aggressive buyers are growing in size, the market has a strong chance to surge to the upside as buyers are quietly accumulating/distributing a position. When the passive traders are finished in the market, there is often little to stop the aggressive traders.

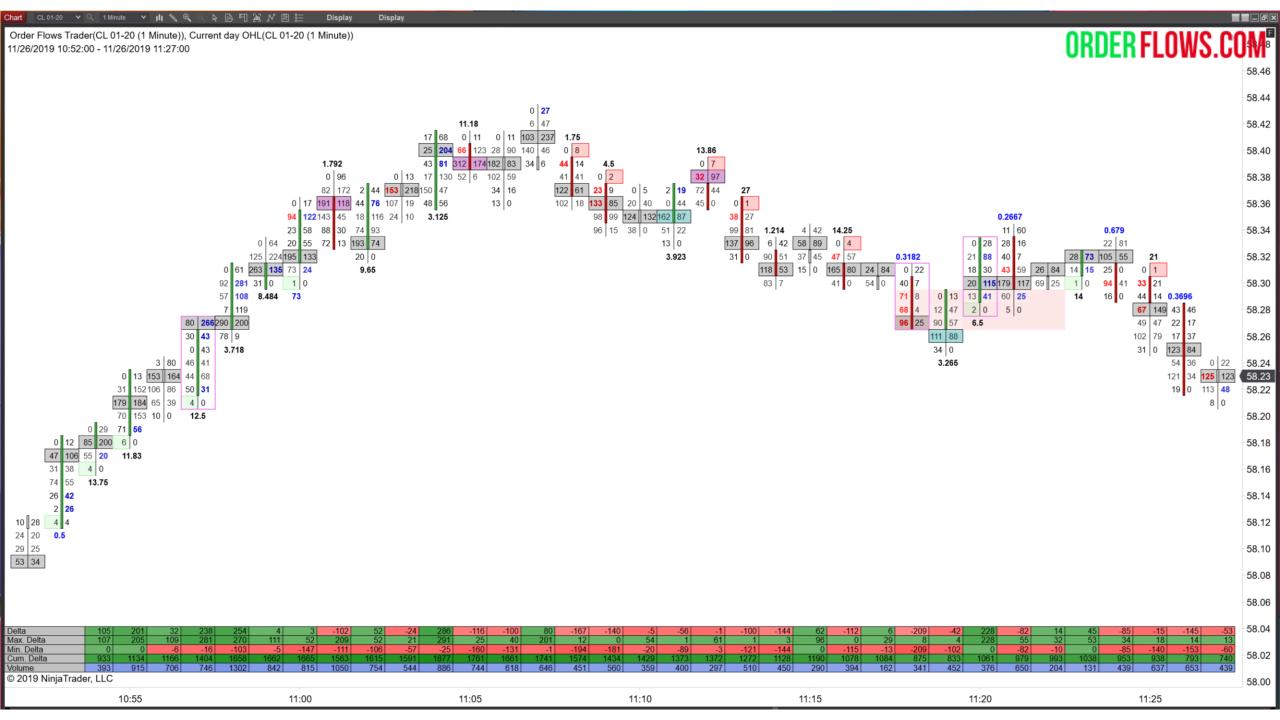




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When the market is moving in a direction, up or down, but delta is getting smaller, the chances are the move is coming to an end as the aggressive traders are getting less and less aggressive and also, they are possibly being met by opposing aggressive traders which is causing the delta to contract.

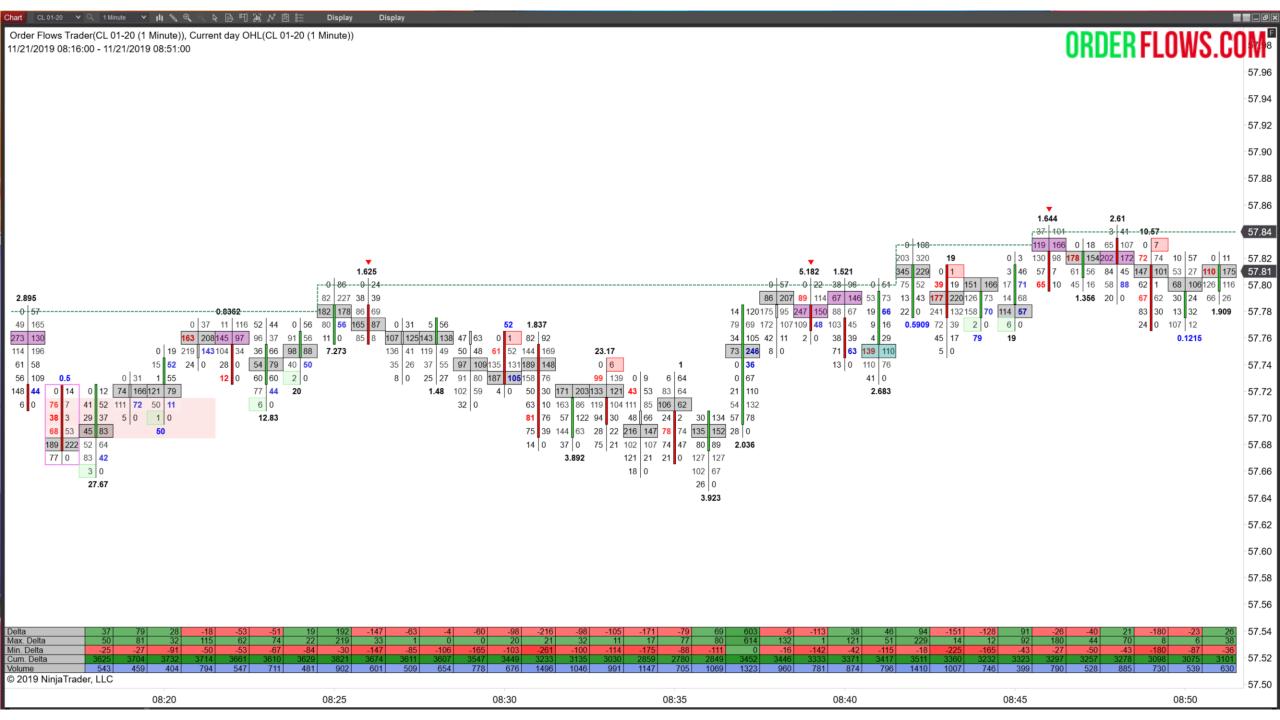


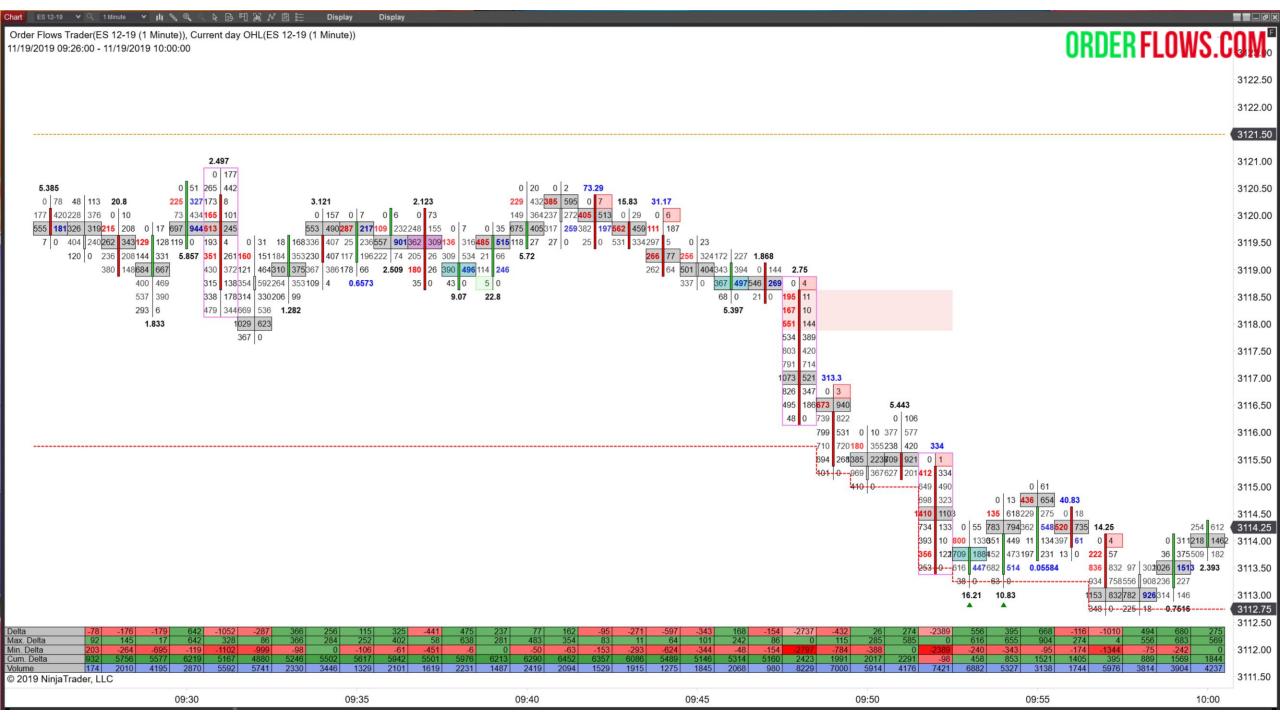




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When you see very little aggressive buying and aggressive selling and the market is moving sideways, look at where the market is trading in the overall structure. Are we at highs or lows, if so, watch for other pieces of order flow to help determine the direction of the market once it starts to move. The market is most likely consolidating under these conditions.

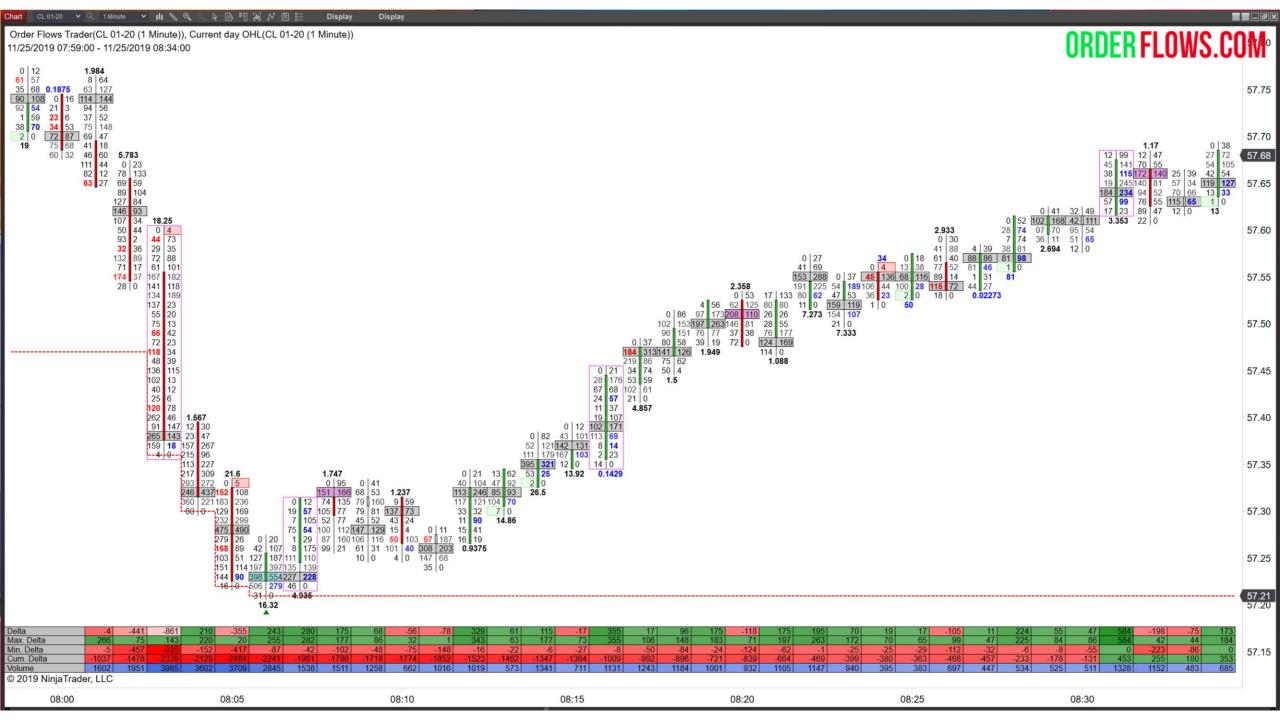


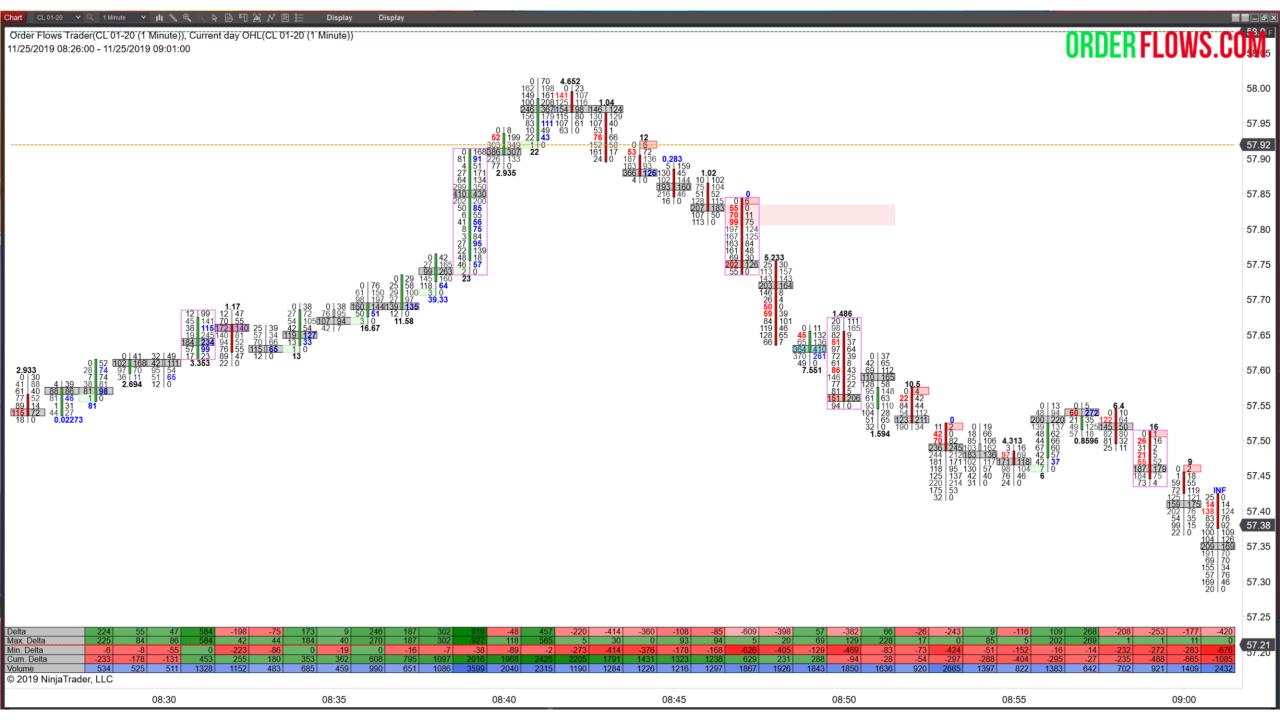




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When delta is consistent, meaning staying positive in an uptrend even if not expanding and the market is trading higher it indicates the aggressive buyers are in control. In a downtrend, if delta stays negative and price is moving lower, that is a sign that aggressive sellers are in control.

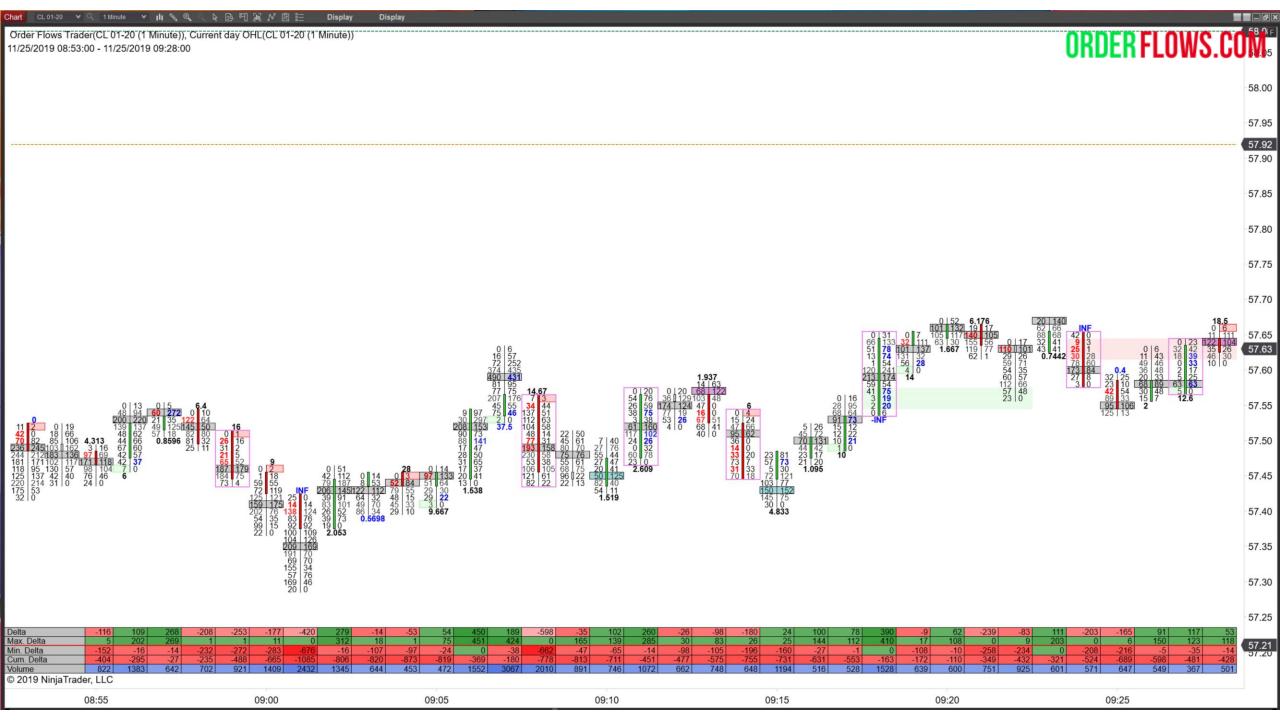


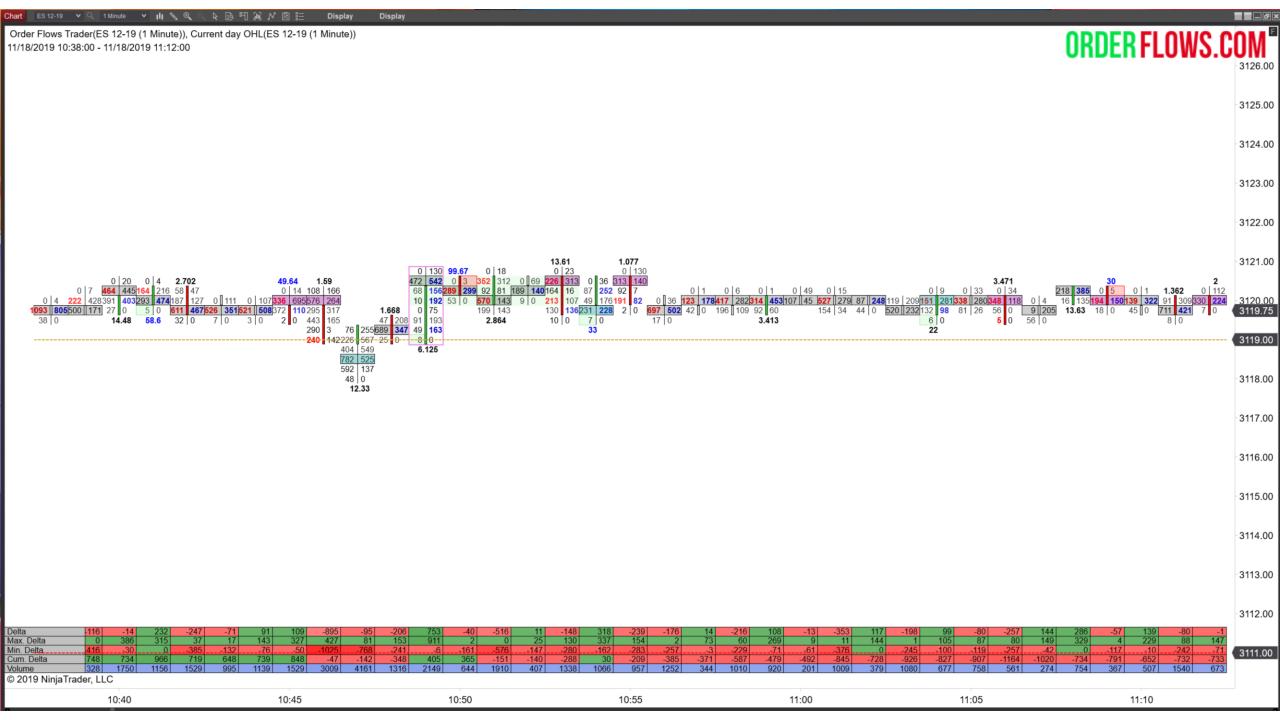




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When delta stays positive, not expanding, but the market is not necessarily going higher or lower, this is indicative of a market that doesn't quite have enough aggressive buying to move it higher. The aggressive buying is being shut off by aggressive selling just enough to keep prices from going higher.





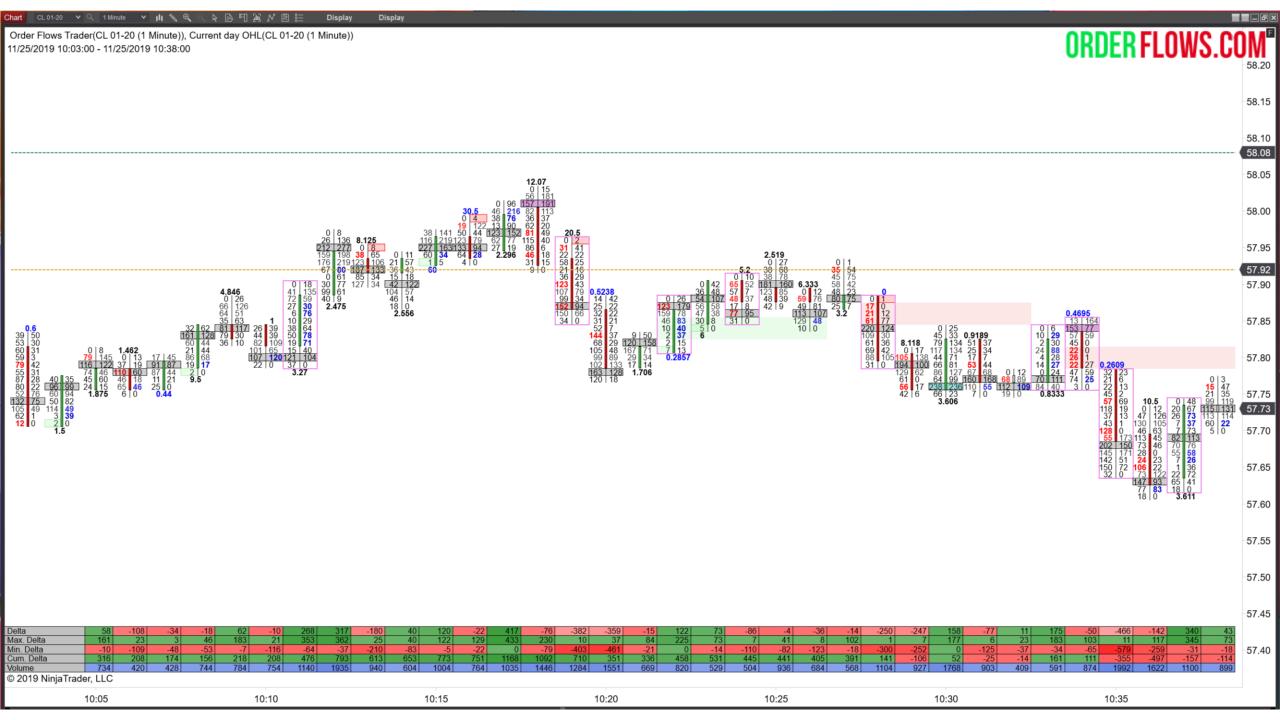


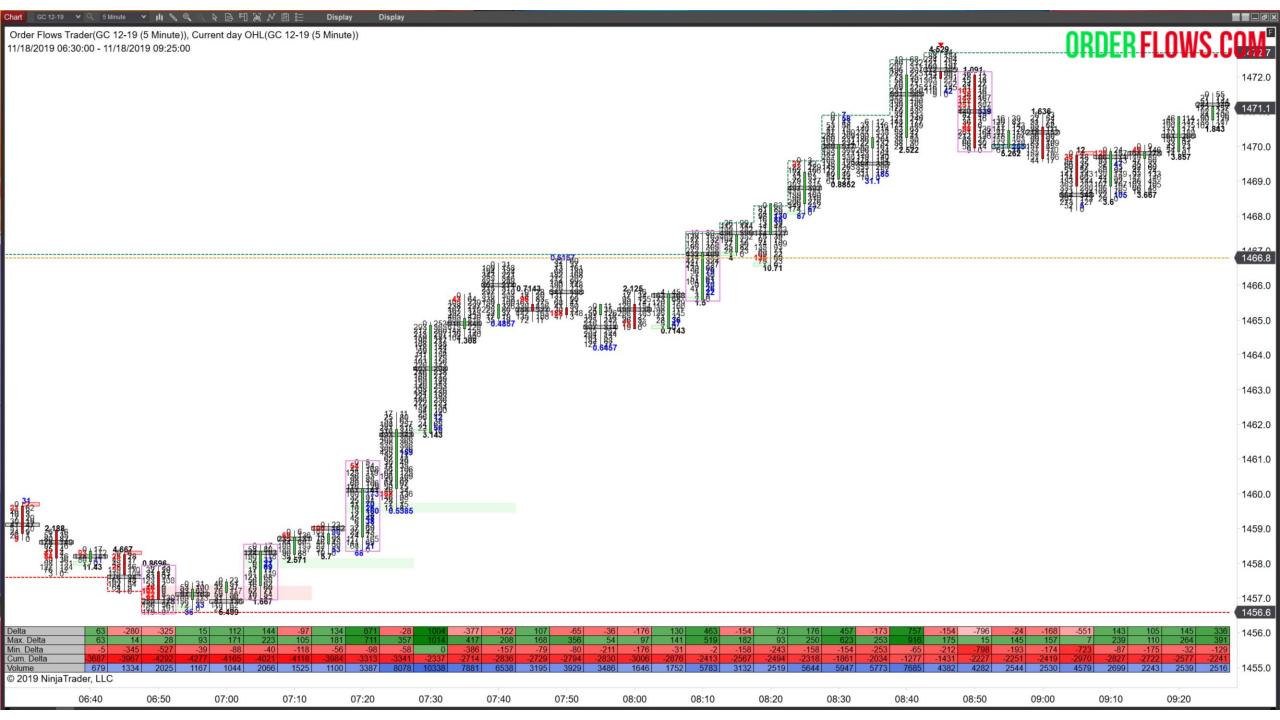
These 6 delta and price relationships will help you to gauge the current market environment and give you insight into the potential direction in the immediate term.

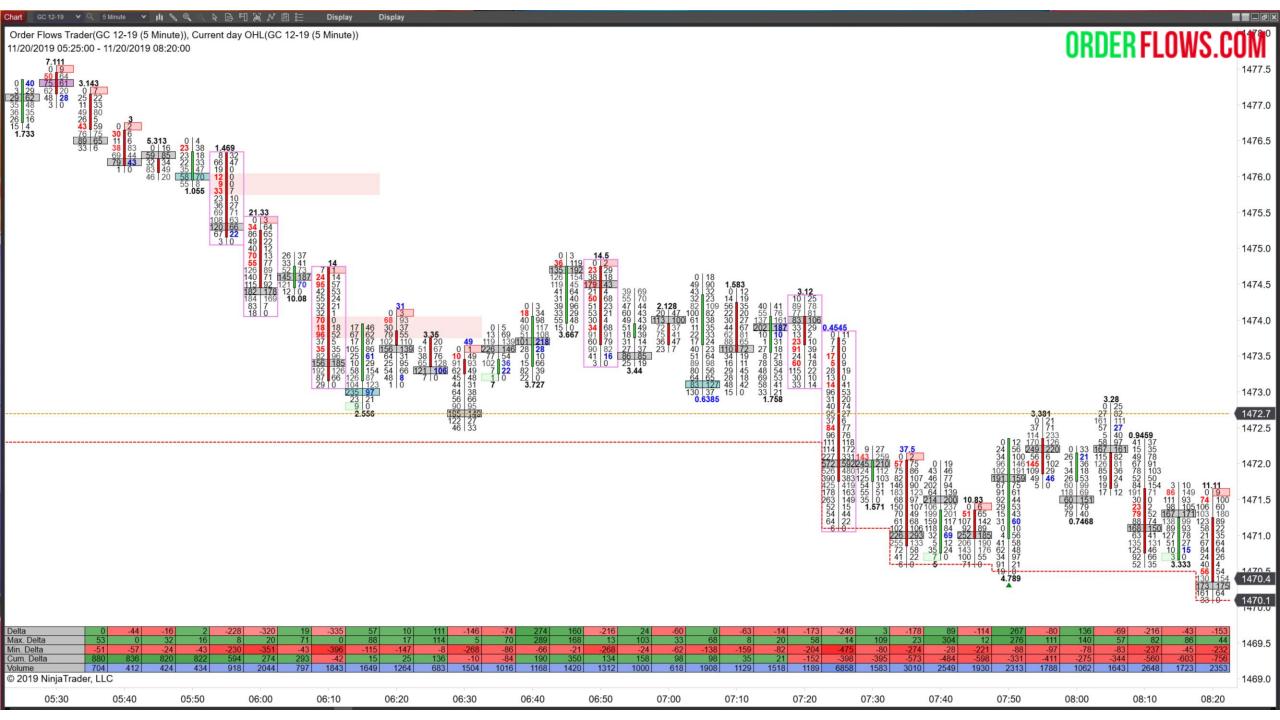


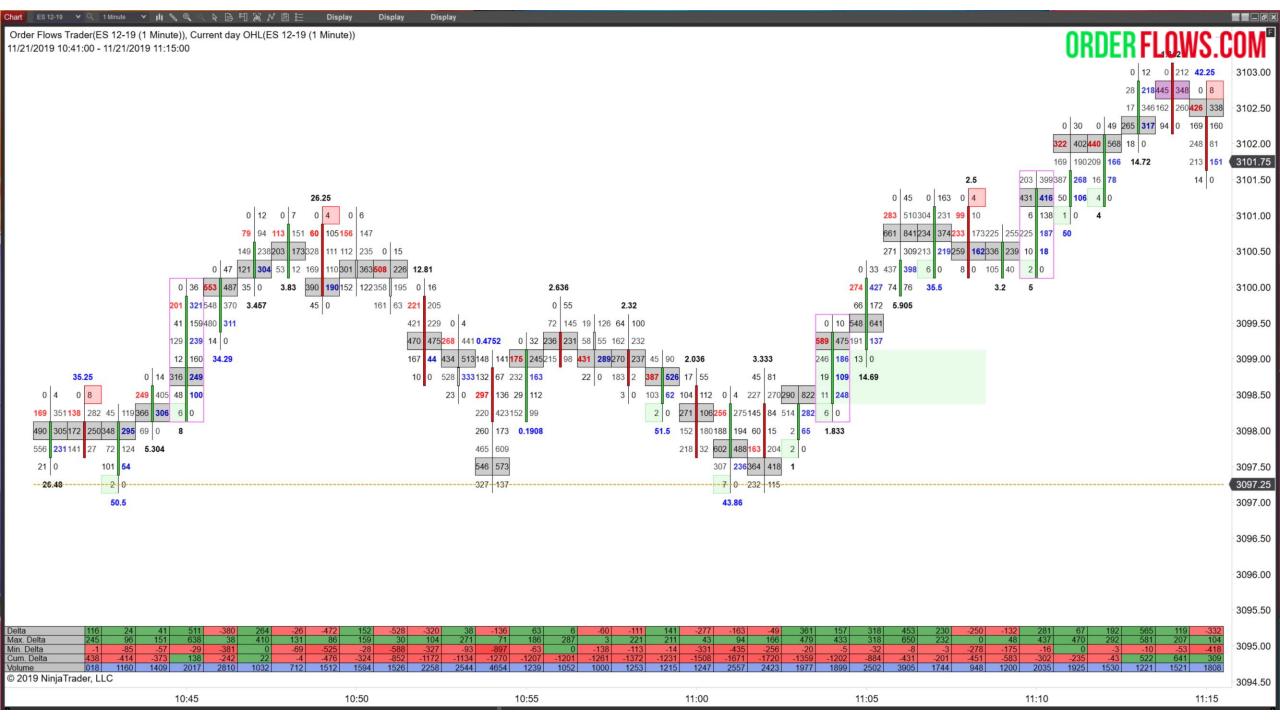
Delta at support. When delta at a support level is not positive and becoming increasingly negative there is a strong chance the support will break.

Delta at resistance. When delta at a resistance level is positive and strong it is a sign the resistance won't offer much resistance. For price to get through resistance, it often has to eat through a lot of offers. So if you are looking at strong deltas it is telling you the aggressive buyers are there.







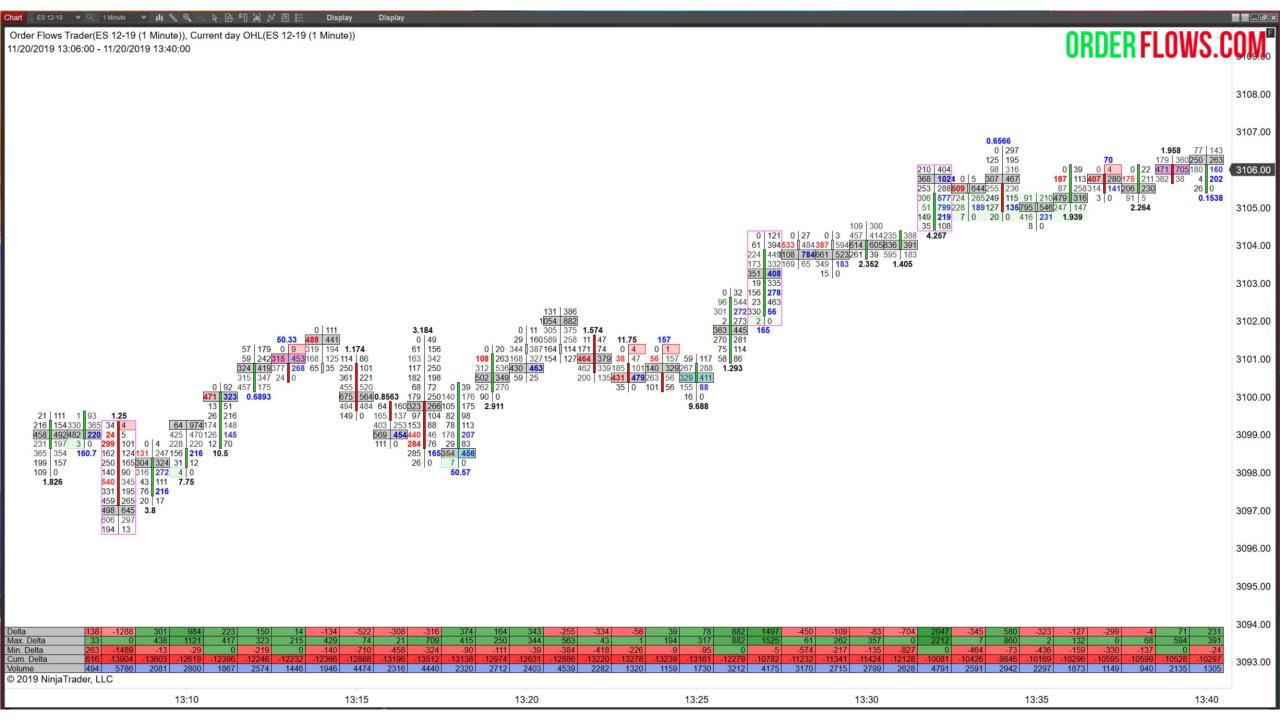


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When the market is trading sideways, either in congestion or consolidation, keep an eye on the delta and imbalances. Is one side dominating? Or is it evenly matched? Oftentimes you will see an expansion of delta in a direction in sideways market as traders are accumulating or distributing a position.

A range bound market is a place where large traders can often move volume without moving the market too much.

If there is nothing happening that stands out, then there really isn't any excitement in the market at the moment. So you just wait. Eventually it will come to the market.

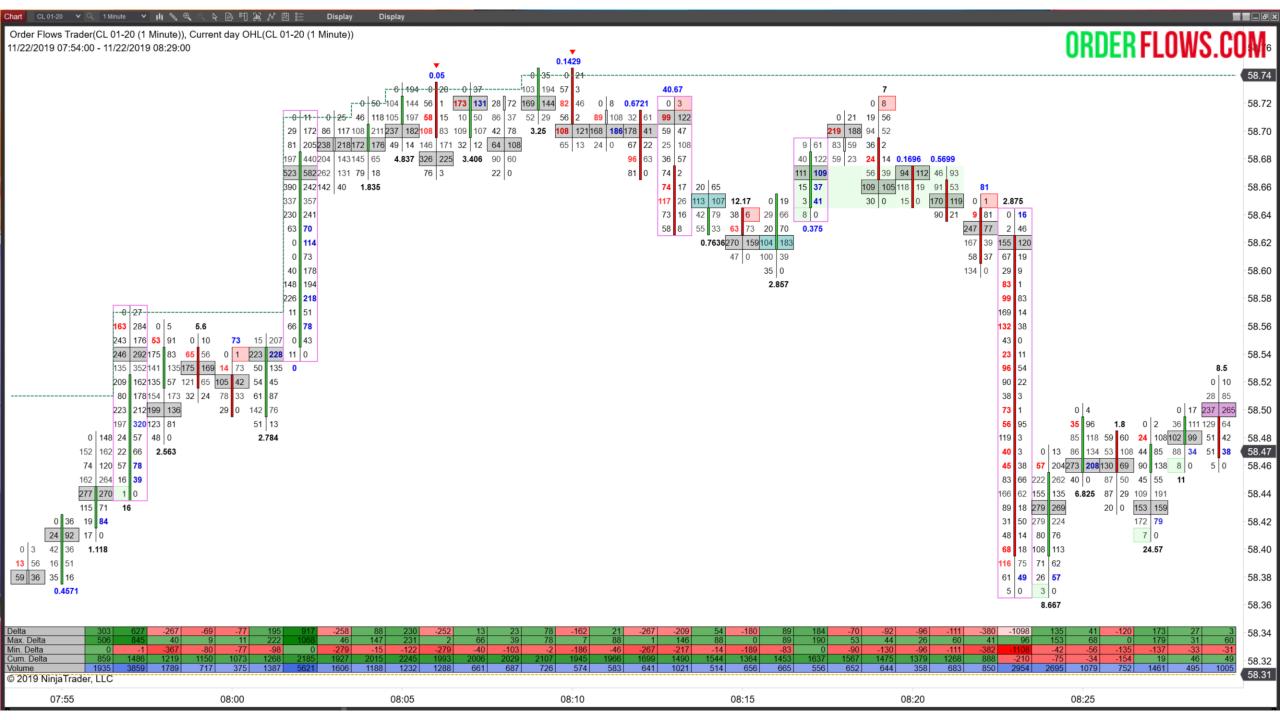




## **Indifferent Delta:**

Low to negative delta at and after the high is bearish. Lack of aggressive buying but an increase in aggressive selling is present and if the aggressive selling attracts other aggressive sellers to the market, there is a strong chance for a market break. Rising prices with weak enthusiasm (delta) is also a sign the trend may be ready to pause or potentially reverse as the buying interest has dried up.

Low to positive delta at and after the low is bullish.





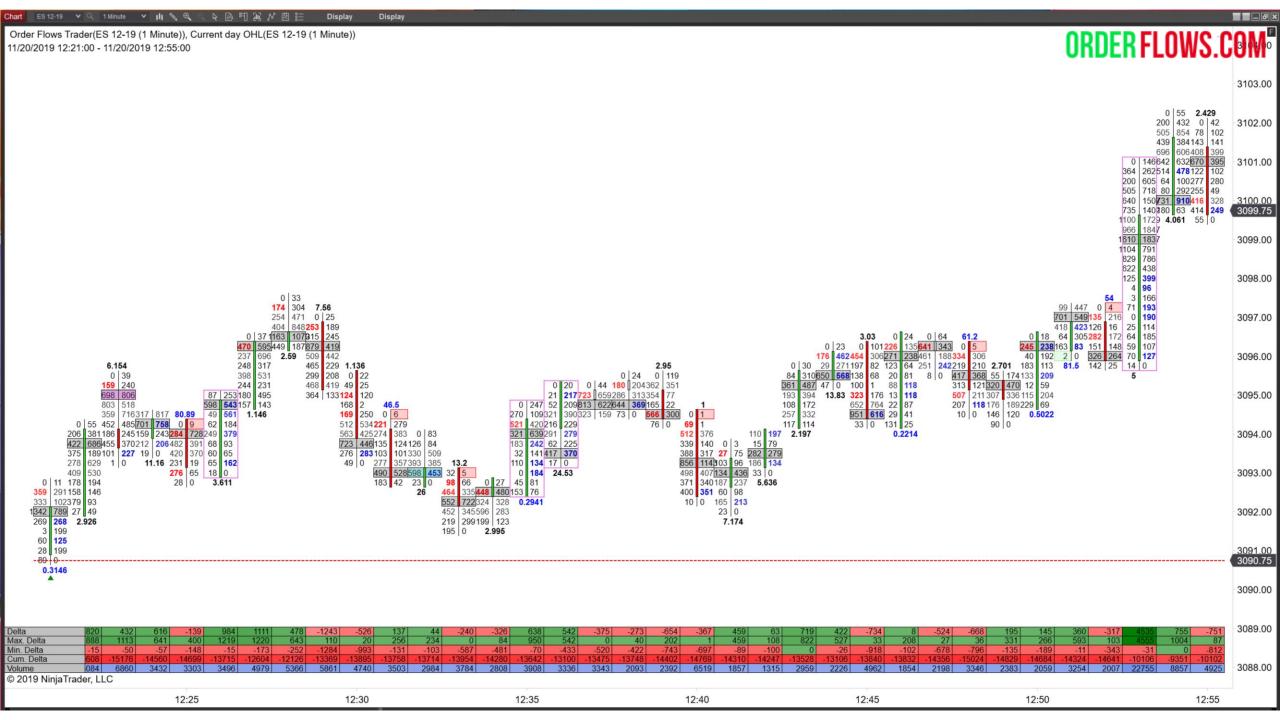
Delta helps you measure the momentum of a move. When delta is strong positive then the momentum is strong as aggressive buyers are strong. The same is true for negative delta, but with the opposite effect.

The overall picture should weigh heavier in the decision-making process than the setup alone. The setup gives us the impetus for getting into a trade when it coincides with the context of the market. Don't get in just because there is a setup.



Markets go up and down because more traders are buying than selling and viceversa. If they start buying or selling aggressively, causing imbalances, after an important technical level I am going to see that in the order flow and jump in too.

There is always some fundamental reason behind moves that make some sense as well.





Order flow allows a trader to know clearly what other traders are doing when the market reaches important technical levels.

Professional traders know what they are going to do, how they are going to trade, when the market reaches an important technical level. If the market doesn't act the way they expect at a level, they adjust their trading plan accordingly. The trade against the weak traders who don't have a plan B. They don't wait for the market to stop them out.

Why should you?

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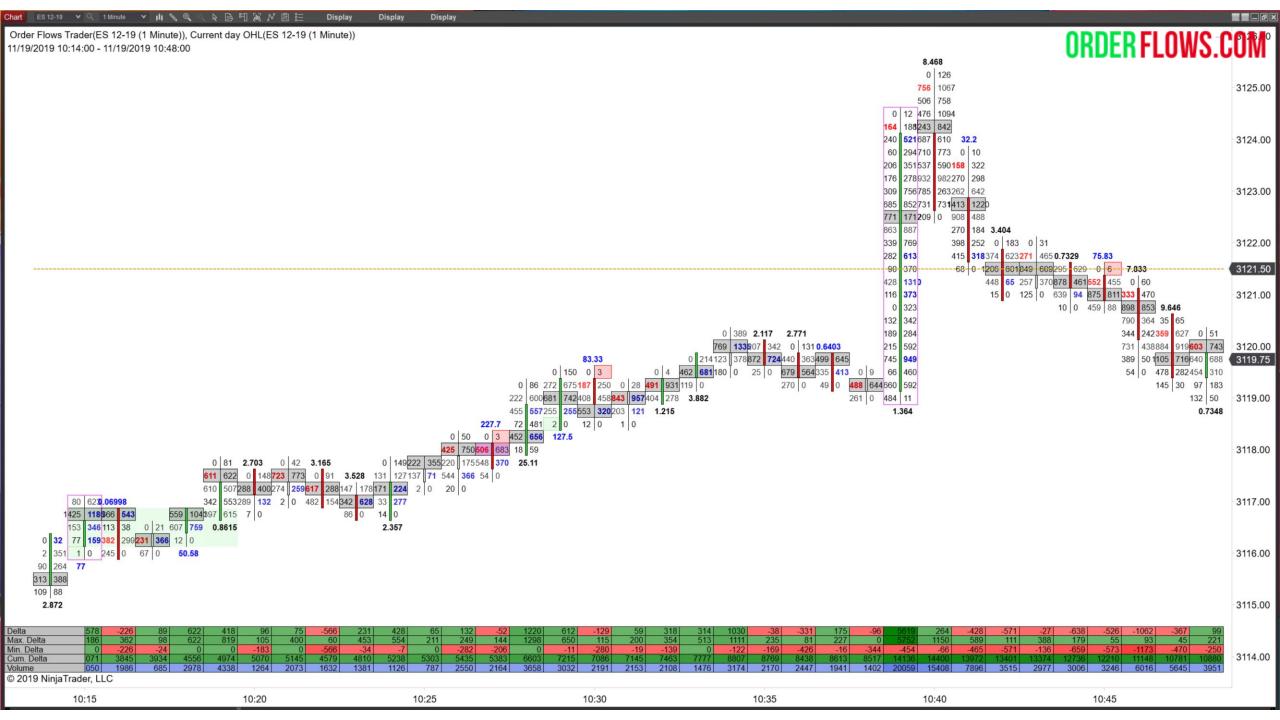
Trying to predict the future price in the market is fun, but very few traders actually do it often enough to make consistent money and profit in the market. I have been around some of the brightest economists in the world and believe me, if you ask them how much money they made on their prediction you can buy a cup of coffee.

I realized that to make money as a trader I was best served learning how to read what was happening in the market based on what was actually happening right now in the order flow.

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For a move to continue there needs to be new traders coming in to give support to the move. If there is little to no aggressive buying on a move up, the move will end. The same is true for a move down. You need aggressive sellers to keep the move going.

This is why I like seeing consistent buying in a move up or consistent selling in a move down. When a spike in volume appears it can signal the end of the move because too many buyers or sellers came in at once. There will be fewer new longs or shorts to keep the directional move going. Too much volume at once is not necessarily a good thing.



The more aggressive buyers that are present means that prices will go up.

The more aggressive sellers that are present means that prices will go down.

Nothing else matters.

Professional traders know the market's participants habits and that is why they are consistent winners over time.



Once you start watching the market on a regular basis and you start to understand when the market is exhibiting strength or weakness, you will see the opportunities coming along regularly.

You don't need a degree in advanced combinatorial math or a doctorate in finance to succeed in trading. You just need common sense and be able to recognize when traders and the market are exhibiting strength or weakness and have the ability to act on it.

